Sec. 26-1. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Human excreta means the bowel and kidney discharges of human beings.

Sanitary privy means any privy which is so built, rebuilt, constructed or reconstructed as to conform with the plans and specifications promulgated and recommended by the state department of public health, which plans and specifications are hereinafter stated in this chapter.

Sanitary water closet means any flush toilet properly connected with the city sanitary sewerage system, or a septic tank of approved construction.

Septic tank means an underground cavity with watertight walls into which flows the effluent of sanitary water closets and from which the effluent does not come to the surface of the ground.

(Ord. No. 100-32, §§ 1—4, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-2. - Penalties.

Any person and/or agent of any person who fails or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter shall, upon conviction therefor in the city's mayor's court, be fined not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$100.00, or sentenced to serve upon the public works of the city for not less than ten days nor more than 60 days for each offense, or either or both of the penalties may be inflicted, in the discretion of the mayor, and each day that such person and/or agent thereof fails or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed a separate offense and punishable as provided in this section.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 11, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-3. - Toilet facilities required.

Every residence and building in which human beings reside, are employed or congregate shall be required to have a sanitary method of human excreta disposal, namely either a sanitary closet connected with the city sewerage system, where sewer connection is available, or in case such sewer connection is not available, either a septic tank of the type approved by the state department of public health, or a sanitary privy.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 5, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-4. - Disposing of human waste anywhere within corporate city limits other than in bathroom unlawful.

It shall be unlawful to dispose of any human excreta within the corporate city limits except in a sanitary water closet connected with the city sewerage system, where sewer connection is available, or in case such sewer connection is not available, in a septic tank of the type approved by the state department of public health, or in a sanitary privy.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 6, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-5. - Persons owning, leasing or renting premises in the city must dispose of human waste in bathrooms.

It shall be unlawful for any person owning or leasing any premises in the city, or for any person, or by his agent, renting any premises in the city, to dispose of any human excreta except in a sanitary water closet connected with the city sewerage system, where such sewer connection is available, or in case such sewer connection is not available, in a septic tank of the type approved by the state department of public health, or in a sanitary privy, and it shall be unlawful to permit the disposal of any material in a sanitary privy other than human excreta and paper.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 7, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-6. - Septic and other types of tanks must be approved by public health department.

No septic tank or other tank of a type not approved by the state department of public health shall be constructed or maintained within the corporate city limits.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 8, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-7. - Type, plan and specification requirements for toilet facilities.

The type, plans and specifications of the sanitary privy provided for and mentioned in this chapter, and more particularly referred to in section 26-1, are as set forth in a pamphlet entitled Georgia Department of Public Health, Division of Sanitary Engineering, The Pit Privy, and made a part of this chapter, and all sanitary privies constructed are hereby required to be of the type, plans, and specifications set forth in and shown by such pamphlet or of such revised type, plans and specifications as may be furnished by the state department of public health division of sanitary engineering.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 9, 1-4-1999)

Sec. 26-8. - Facilities not meeting public health department guidelines declared nuisance.

It shall be unlawful to maintain or use within the corporate city limits any privy which is not constructed in accordance with the provisions of <u>section 26-6</u>, and in addition to the penalties provided in <u>section 26-2</u> for any violation of any of the provisions thereof, any privy which is so unlawfully maintained or used within the corporate city limits shall be and is hereby declared a nuisance, dangerous and injurious to the public health, and subject to condemnation and abatement as such.

(Ord. No. 100-32, § 10, 1-4-1999)